

101 N. 14TH St., 17TH Floor RICHMOND, VA 23219

Air Force Association American Legion **AMVETS** Association of the United States Army Disabled American Veterans Fifth Baptist Veterans Ministry Fleet Reserve Association Iraq and Afghanistan Veterans of America Korean War Veterans Association Legion of Valor of the U.S., Inc. Marine Corps League Military Order of the Purple Heart Military Officers Association of America Military Order of the World Wars Navy Mutual Aid Association Navy Seabee Veterans of America Non-Commissioned Officers Association Paralyzed Veterans of America Reserve Officers Association Roanoke Valley Veterans Council Veterans of Foreign Wars Vietnam Veterans of America Virginia Army/Air National **Guard Enlisted** Association Virginia National Guard Association Women Marines Association

October 16, 2019

JLC Contact VaAANGEA Robert Barnette 804-647-7087 r.barnette55@gmail.com

COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA JOINT LEADERSHIP COUNCIL OF VETERANS SERVICE ORGANIZATIONS

Position Paper 2020-05 Tax Credits for Employers Who Hire National Guard and Reserves

OBJECTIVE: To ensure Individual and corporate income tax credit; employers of National Guard members and self-employed National Guard.

BACKGROUND:

- Provides for taxable years 2019 through 2023 a non-refundable tax credit against individual and corporate income taxes for wages paid by an employer to an employee who is a Virginia National Guard member or Reserves.
- Income of a self-employed National Guard member or Reservist attributable to his business would also qualify for a non-refundable tax credit against individual and corporate income taxes for wages paid for taxable years 2020 through 2024.
- For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2020, but before January 1, 2025, a self-employed National Guard member shall be allowed a credit against the tax levied pursuant to § 58.1-320 or 58.1-400 for income attributable to his trade or business during the taxable year.

DISCUSSION:

- The amount of the credit shall be:
 - 25%, if such member was in a military pay status for 65 days or more during such taxable year; or
 - 15% if such member was in a military pay status for 45 days or more during such taxable year.
- The credit should not be allowed if such member was in a military pay status for less than 45 days during such taxable year.
- The taxpayer should be allowed to carry unused credits over for up to five taxable years within the taxable years of 2024 to 2028.
- The amount of the credit claimed shall not exceed the total amount of tax imposed pursuant to § 58.1-320 or 58.1-400 upon the employer for the taxable year.

RECOMMENDATION: That the Governor and General Assembly approve Tax credits for employers of National Guard members and self-employed National Guard members.